



The Mizoram Gazette

EXTRA ORDINARY

Published by Authority

Vol. XX Aizawl Tuesday, 26.3.1991 Chaika 5 SE, 1913 Issue No. 157

NOTIFICATION

NO.H.12018/7/91-LJD, the 13th March, 1991. The following Act of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly which received the assent of the Governor is hereby published for general information.

The Mizoram Act No. 5 of 1991
The Mizoram Animal (Control and
Taxation) (Amendment) Act, 1991

Received the assent of the Governor of Mizoram on the 13th March, 1991.

AN

ACT

To amend the Mizoram Animal (Control and Taxation) Act, 1980.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Mizoram, in the Forty Second Year of Republic of India.

- Short title, extent and commencement,
- (1) This Act may be called the Mizoram Animal (Control and Taxation) (Amendment) Act, 1991.
 - (2) It shall have the like extent of the principal Act.
 - (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

Amendment of section 2 2. In the Mizoram Animal (Control and Taxation) Act, 1980 (Act No 4 of 1980) (herein after referred to as the principal Act), in section 2-

- (i) in clause (b) in between the word "includes" and the word "pigs," the word "fowls" shall be inserted;
- (ii) after clause "c", the following clause shall be inserted as follows:— "(cc)" "Court" means a civil court or a criminal court in Mizoram.

Amendment of section 4. 3. In the principal Act, in section 4, for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted as follows : " (a) Fowls and Pigs-Fowls and Pigs shall be kept in confinement."

Insertion of new section 29 A 4. In the principal Act, after section 29, the following new section shall be inserted as follows, namely :—

"Special provision for keeping animals in the prohibited area and penalties for violation thereof 29. A. (1) The owner of the animals who has been granted licence under the provision of section 29 shall keep the animals in the area in the manner and conditions as may be specified in the licence and also as may be directed by Government but in no case such animals should be allowed to trespass upon the land or property of any other persons whether private or public.

(2) If, in violation of the conditions laid down in the licence due to negligence of the owner of animals, any animal enters upon land or property of any other persons causing damage or loss thereto, the owner of such animals shall be liable to pay compensation to the extent of the loss or damage caused to that property.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in, and without prejudice to the other provisions of, this Act if any person allows his animals to stray in any street, place of public or upon any property or land of other persons whether public or private, he shall be punishable with a minimum fine of two hundred rupees which may extend to five hundred rupees. When the same persons committed the same offence for the second time he shall be tried by "the court and shall be punishable with fine of one thousand rupees with simple imprisonment for a term of fifteen days which may extend to two months."

Sd/-

K.N. Srivastava

Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram,
Law, Judicial & Parliamentary Affairs Department.