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EXTRAORDINARY

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NOTIFICATION ORDERS BY THE ADMINISTRATOR

No. MC. 4/15/72, the 1st September 72— Whereas the Administrator of Mizoram after careful consideration of all facts and circumstances is of the opinion that the whole area of the Union Territory of Mizoram is in such disturbed and dangerous condition that use of Armed Force in aid of Civil Power is necessary.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act, 1958 the Administrator of Mizoram is pleased to declare the whole of Mizoram as disturbed area within the meaning and for the purpose of the said Act for a period up to 28th February, 1973.

R.M. Agrawal,
Chief Secretary
to the Govt. of Mizoram,
Aizawl.

**ORDERS BY THE ADMINIS-
TRATOR**

No. POL. 5/72/38, the 1st. September, 1972.— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub Section (1) of the Section 10 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act 1932 (Act No. 23 of 1932) the Administrator of Mizoram is pleased to declare that all offences punishable under sections 186,188,189,190,228, 295-A,298,505,506 and 507 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Act No 45 of 1860), when committed in the area specified below, shall notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act No 5 of 1898), be cognisable.

This notification shall remain in force for a period of six months.

AREA SPECIFIED

The whole of Union Territory
of Mizoram

No. POL. 5/72/39, the 1st. September, 1972 - - In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1972 (Act No. 23 of 1932), the Administrator of Mizoram is pleased to declare that in the area specified below offences punishable under section 188 and 566 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Act No. 45 of 1860), shall notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act No. 5 of 1898) be non-bailable.

This notification shall remain in force for a period of six months.

AREA SPECIFIED

The Whole of Union Territory
of Mizoram

No. POL. 5/72/40, the 1st September 1972— Whereas unlawful gangs are moving about in the Mizoram to create disorder and disturb the peace and tranquility there.

And whereas the Administrator of Mizoram after careful consideration of all facts and circumstances is satisfied that in order to make adequate provision for the suppression of the disorder and maintenance of the Public order and Communications in the disturbed area and for the protection of life and property of the loyal citizens there in, it is necessary to declare the whole of the Union Territory of Mizoram as disturbed area.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Assam Disturbed Area Act, 1955 (Assam Act XXX of 1955) the Administrator of Mizoram is pleased to declare the whole of the Union Territory of Mizoram as disturbed area under the said Act for a period of six months.

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No. GAD 13/72/31 -A, the 31st. August, 1972. The Lieutenant Governor (Administrator) of Mizoram is pleased to sanction the formation of a new Administrative District to be known as the District of Lunglei with headquarters at Lunglei and comprising the present Lunglei Sub-Division of the Mizo District. The boundary of the new Lunglei District will be as defined in the Schedule to this Order.

This order shall take effect from the 1st September, 1972.

B.M. Agrawal,
Chief Secretary
to the Govt of Mizoram,
Aizawl.

THE SCHEDULE
BOUNDARY OF LUNGLEI
DISTRICT

North—Starting from the confluence of river Tiau with Buhtunlui and the eastern boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram, the boundary follows the present southern boundary of the Aizawl Sub-Division meeting Tlawng river near the old Kawihawk village; then it runs along the Tlawng river northwards upto a point where Nghalvawm lui meets Tlawng river. The boundary continues to run along the southern boundary of Aizawl sub-division till it meets the Bangladesh boundary near Marpara at the confluence of Marlui with Tuilianpui river.

West—From the last mentioned point the boundary runs along the western boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram upto the Sihsanglui to its confluence with the Kawrpui (Ihega river).

South—Thence the boundary runs along Sihsanglui to its source; crossing the Uiphumtlang (range) in an easterly direction the boundary meets Vaizawlkawn saddle where Saihaseilui has its source. Thence down the Saihaseilui to its confluence with the Tuichong river; up Tuichong river to its confluence with Chongtelui; thence up the Chongtelui to its confluence with a small unknown stream (luite). Up the luite to its source and thence to the Lungphun kawn; and down the Kawrawnglui meeting Mengpui. Up the Mengpui it runs till it touches the confluence of Servatelui; to the point

where it has its source at the ridge of Tawitlang. Thence meeting the source of Thingkahlui it runs on till it touches the junction of three streams and then to Saibri lui to its confluence with Chhimtuipui (Kolodyne). Thence up the Kolodyne to its confluence with Darzolui; thence up the Darzolui to its confluence Ralzolui; up the Ralzolui to its source and thence along the ridge of the saddle it runs in south-easterly direction passing through the west of Survey Station (height 4,530) north of Sangau village; thence it follows Pangkhawlui in a northerly direction to its confluence with Chhimtuipui; thence up the latter to its confluence with Tiau (river Tiau) which is the eastern boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram. The southern boundary of the Lunglei District described above co-incides with the Chakma, Pawi Block II, Lakher and Pawi Block I Council's area.

East—The boundary thence runs along the eastern boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram up to the starting point which is part of the Indo-Burma boundary.

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No GAD 13/72/82—A, the 31st August, 1972.—The Lieutenant Governor (Administrator) of Mizoram is pleased to sanction the formation of a new administrative district to be known as the District of Chhimtuipui which comprises the present District Council areas of Pawi, Lakher and Chakma, with Headquarters at Saiha. The boundary of the new Chhimtuipui District will be

as defined in the Schedule to this Order.

This Order shall take effect from the 1st September 1972.

R.M. Agrawal,
Chief Secretary
to the Govt. of Mizoram,
Aizawl.

THE SCHEDULE
BOUNDARY OF CHHIMTUIPUI
DISTRICT

In the north starting from the confluence of the Tyao and Tuipui rivers on the eastern boundary of the Lushai Hills District, the boundary runs north westward down the Tuipui or Kolodyne river to its confluence with the Pangkhawlui; thence up the latter to its source to the west of Survey Station (height 4,530 ft) north of village Sangau thence in a north-western direction along the ridge of the saddle above the source of Ra'zo Lui and then down Ra'zo Lui and to its confluence with Darzo Lui; thence down the latter to its confluence with the Kolodyne river; thence down the Kolodyne to its confluence with the Sahri Lui; thence up the Sahri Lui to the Junction of three streams, and from this to the source of a stream called Thirgkalui; along the ridge of Toitlang where the Servate Lui has its source. Down the Servate Lui to the junction of Mengpui Lui; and down the Mengpui Lui to its confluence with the Kawrawng Lui; thence up the Kawrawng Lui to Lungphun Kawn; thence to the source of a small un-named stream (Luite) down this stream to its junction with the Chawngte Lui thence down the Chawngte Lui to its confluence with the Tuichawng, thence down the latter to its confluence with the Saihasei Lui, thence up the Saihasei Lui to its source on the Vaizawikawn saddle, thence in a westerly direction across the U-

phum tlang range to the source of the Sihsang Lui, thence down the Sihsang Lui to its confluence with the Kawrpui (Thera) on the western boundary of the Lushai Hills District. The Northern boundary of the Chhimtuipui District described above coincides with the northern boundary of the Pawi Block I, Takhur, Pawi Block II and Chakma District Council's areas as notified vide Notification No. CCMP 3/72/70-77 of 1.4.72.

The entire portion of the Union territory of Mizoram south of this northern boundary forms the rest of the District (West, South and East bounded by Bangladesh and Burma).

No. GAD. 13/72/88, the 1st. September, 1972.—The Lieutenant Governor (Administrator) of Mizoram is pleased to sanction the formation of a new administrative district to be known as the District of Aizawl with headquarters at Aizawl and comprising the present Aizawl subdivision of the Mizo District. The boundary of the new Aizawl district will be as defined in the schedule to this order.

This order shall take effect from the 1st. September, 1972.

R.M. Agrawal,
Chief Secretary
to the Govt. of Mizoram.

THE SCHEDULE
BOUNDARY OF AIZAWL
DISTRICT

North—The boundary runs along the northern boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram which is the southern boundary of the Cachar District of Assam.

West—Thence in a southerly direction

it runs along the western boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram as bounded by the State of Tripura and Bangladesh till it meets the northern boundary of the Lunglei District near Marpara.

South—From the last mentioned point the boundary runs along the northern boundary of Lunglei

District as defined in the Notification No. GAD. 13/72/81 of 31. 8. 1972 upto the confluence of Buhtunlui with the river Tiau.

East—Thence it runs along the eastern boundary of the Union Territory of Mizoram as bounded by Burma and the State of Manipur, meeting the starting point.

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