

LA/LIB/8-ASY/PRO (MIZO)/233



**OFFICIAL REPORT**

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE  
MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY**



सत्यमेव जयते

**TENTH  
&  
GOLDEN JUBILEE  
SPECIAL SESSION  
OF THE EIGHTH ASSEMBLY  
HELD ON 10<sup>th</sup> MAY, 2022**

Published by  
MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT  
AIZAWL

[www.mizoramassembly.in](http://www.mizoramassembly.in)

LA/LIB/8-ASY/PRO (ENG)/\_\_

**OFFICIAL REPORT**

**PROCEEDINGS OF THE  
MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY**



सत्यमेव जयते

**SPECIAL SESSION  
(GOLDEN JUBILEE)  
OF THE  
EIGHTH ASSEMBLY  
HELD ON 10<sup>th</sup> May, 2022**

**Published by  
MIZORAM LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY SECRETARIAT  
AIZAWL**

[www.mizoramassembly.in](http://www.mizoramassembly.in)

**EIGHTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF MIZORAM  
(SPECIAL SESSION)**

**LIST OF BUSINESS**

FOR A SITTING ON TUESDAY, THE 10<sup>th</sup> MAY, 2022  
(10:30 A.M. onwards)

**ADDRESS**

1. **Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampati**, hon. Governor of Mizoram to address the House

**SPEECH**

2. **The hon. Speaker** may invite the following dignitaries to deliver a speech:
  - i) Hon. Chief Minister, Mizoram.
  - ii) Hon. Speaker, Assam Legislative Assembly.
  - iii) Representative of each Legislature party.

H. LALRINAWMA  
Commissioner & Secretary

**EIGHTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF MIZORAM  
(SPECIAL SESSION)**

**LIST OF BUSINESS**

FOR A SITTING ON TUESDAY, THE 10<sup>th</sup> MAY, 2022  
(10:30 A.M. onwards)

**ADDRESS**

1. **Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampati**, Hon. Governor of Mizoram to address the House

**SPEECH**

2. **The Hon. Speaker** may invite the following dignitaries to deliver a speech:
  - i) Hon. Chief Minister, Mizoram.
  - ii) Hon. Speaker, Assam Legislative Assembly.
  - iii) Representative of each Legislature party.

H. LALRINAWMA  
Commissioner & Secretary

**SPEAKER** : *“Tin, lei chung zawng zawnga awm turin bul hmun khat vekin hnam tin a siam a, an tan hun bi te a ruat a, an awmna rite pawh a khamsak a.”*

*- Tirhkohte Thiltih 17:26*

(A sap tawngin ka han sawi leh ang e.)

*“And has made of one blood all nations of men in order to dwell on all the face of the earth, and has determined the times before appointed, and the bounds of their habitation.”*

*-Acts of the Apostles 17:26*

Pathian-in he House kum 50 a tlinna thlengin min veng a, vawiina he House-a kan thu thei hi malsawmna a ni a, Pathian hnenah lawmthu thinlung takin ka sawi a ni.

Vanneihthlak takin kan Speaker hmasa ber, Dr. H. Thansanga min la dampui a, khawngaih takin a thut hmun atangin lo ding se. May we request the first Speaker of this Assembly House to stand up from his place.

Ka Pu, kan lawm e.

Tin, kan Speaker-te hi tunah hian pali (kei tel lovin) Pathian-in a la veng a, khawngaih takin lo ding se – Dr. Kenneth Chawngliana, Pu Lalchamliaana leh Pu R. Romawia. Vawiin chu, “Van Lal nau ang a tahna Kalvari-ah; an dang chuang lo e” tih ang deuh hleka tawng dang telh zeuh zeuh a ngai dawn a, min lo hrethiam dawn nia.

It gives me immense pleasure to commemorate the 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly, today. I am extremely delighted that our Hon. Governor, Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampati has consented to address the Session as Chief Guest. Thank you very much, Sir. Now, may I invite Hon. Governor of Mizoram, Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampati to address the Special Session.

**DR. HARI BABU KAMBHAMPATI, GOVERNOR:** Pu Lalrinliana Sailo, Hon. Speaker of Mizoram Legislative Assembly, Pu Zoramthanga, Hon. Chief Minister, Shri Biswajit Daimary, Hon. Speaker of Assam Legislative Assembly, Hon. Members of this august House and my dear people of Mizoram, Chibai. I am extremely proud and privileged to be the Chief Guest at this Special Session on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly.

In addition to the fact that the government is an integral part of the state legislature, I am particularly delighted to be in your midst today as I am, myself a former Member of Parliament and former Member of the Andhra Pradesh Legislative Assembly. Therefore, I highly value and cherish this solemn occasion.

The history of Mizoram Legislative Assembly can be traced back to the year 1952, with the formation of the Lushai Hills Autonomous District Council under the Govt. of Assam. The District Council existed for the period of 4 terms. With the elevation of Mizoram into a Union Territory, the 1<sup>st</sup> Assembly Session was held on 10<sup>th</sup> May, 1972, exactly 50 years ago. The 1<sup>st</sup> Assembly was comprised of 33 members out of which 30 were elected and 3 were nominated. The Legislative Assembly under the Union Territory had also witnessed the period of 4 terms. The Mizoram Legislative Assembly was enlarged to 40 members with the achievement of the statehood in 1987.

Today, we are fortunate to celebrate 50 years of dignified existence of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly. Throughout its rich history, the Mizoram Legislative Assembly has seen a total of 232 members with 92 members having sadly passed away. We have reached our position today, to the contributions of each and every one of these members. There have been 955 sittings from 138 Sessions. The House has witnessed 488 Govt. Bills out of which 477 Bills have been passed. However, the House is yet to pass Private Members Bill despite witnessing 5 such Bills through the years. More than 500 Reports have been presented in the House.

I am delighted to know that various activities have already been successfully undertaken as part of the celebration including Discussion Programs, Youth Parliament, Golden Jubilee Exhibition, Seminar etc. Further, I am very happy to learn that all the Former Legislators, Ex-MLAs are enthusiastically involved in this celebration. I am certain that these activities as well as the remaining planned programs will greatly enrich the legacy of this august House.

The Legislature is often called the 'Temple of Democracy'. The Legislative Assembly is the embodiment of the aspirations and the ultimate will of the people of the state. Elected representatives' debate and discuss policies, formulating laws which are the foundation for a civilized society. Only 2 months ago, the Hon. Vice President of India Addressed this very House and commented the graceful conduct of the legislators in Mizoram. While noting that the Sessions of Mizoram Legislative Assembly are conducted with utmost discipline, diligence and decorum, Hon. Vice President congratulated the Members for setting a high benchmark that other state legislatures and even the Parliament can emulate.

Mizoram has had a long history of healthy electoral politics and strong democratic values. The enduring success of the historic Peace Accord of 1986 is testament to the will of the people of the state. The Memorandum of Settlement signed between the Govt. of India, the Govt. of Mizoram and the Mizo National Front ended 2 decades of unrest and assured in the new era of peace and progress. The Peace Accord facilitated the integration of Mizoram into the union of India and set the tone for producing the co-existence and co-operation with the rest of the country. It became a catalyst for positive change towards the path of development.

The state has since successfully held a number of elections under peaceful atmosphere with the enthusiastic participation of the people. Today, Mizoram is known as one of the most peaceful states in the country. Here, I must acknowledge the immense contribution of the civil society, the NGOs and the religious bodies. I am proud to say that we fruitfully added to the concept of Unity in Diversity. Despite the presence

of various ethnic and linguistic groups, we have valuable social and communal harmony in Mizoram. Mizoram is strategically located between Bangladesh and Myanmar and has the potential to be the gateway in South-East Asia and beyond. The much-awaited Kaladan Multimodal Transit Transport Project once completed will offer limitless opportunities.

Likewise, the entry of the railway line is expected to be a game changer in near future. In spite of being a relatively young state, we have performed admirably in certain areas such as literacy, sports and a few health indicators such as mortality rates. Our state is also blessed with abundant resources, natural beauty, clean atmosphere and moderate climate. On top of this, we have a strong and vibrant community life with a tight-knitted society. However, I am sure you will all agree that despite our best efforts, we still have massive untapped potential.

Hence, I would like to share a few areas where I feel we need to push further collectively. For instance, power generation is the sector which I feel must be prioritized. I have been told that Mizoram has huge potential in hydro-electricity. For a small State such as ours, with minimal power consumption, we can certainly become self-sufficient in power generation. Health is another sector which requires constant improvement. While commending the Government for various actions taken, I urge that our health infrastructure may be continuously upgraded for the benefit of the people.

Tourism is also a sector which can grow in leaps and bounds. I appreciate that a number of initiatives are already being undertaken. We have various advantages for the promotion of tourism, including a hospitable society and an English-speaking population. In all these, I encourage the people of Mizoram, and especially the public leaders to continue to work tirelessly for economic growth and development. It is befitting that our Golden Jubilee Celebration coincides with the Azadi Ka Amrit Mahotsav, as we celebrate 75 years of our country's glorious Independence.



Hon. Prime Minister has given a clarion call for 'Atmanirbhar Bharat', or 'Self-Reliant India'. Along the same line, we must aim for a 'Self-Reliant Mizoram'. The leaders present here have a higher responsibility for the achievement of this objective. Let us renew our efforts and resolve to work for a better Mizoram, and a stronger India. In conclusion, I congratulate the Hon. Speaker, Mizoram Legislative Assembly and the Assembly Secretariat for successfully organizing this grand Celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly.

Once again, I greet all the people of Mizoram on this happy occasion.

Ka lawm e.  
Jai Hind.

**SPEAKER** : Thank you, Sir, for your inspiring and informative words. Before inviting our Chief Minister, I would like to inform this august House that we had invited Hon. Speaker of Lok Sabha, Shri Om Birla to grace and address this House. He also agreed with our invitation, but due to health issues, he could not come. He sent a message and let me read out his greeting message for Golden Jubilee.

Om Birla, kan Lok Sabha Speaker zahawm takin hemi hmun hi lo kal tura engkim a siam hnuah a damloh avangin a rawn kal thei lova, message a rawn thawn a. Nimin pawn min rawn bia a, kan lo chhiar sak turin. Ka han chhiar sak ang e.

"I convey my heartiest congratulations and greetings to people of the state of Mizoram on this auspicious occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly. The North-East region of our country occupies a unique and distinctive position in our social, cultural and geopolitical landscape. The reason is known for its impressive human development including high social economic status of women. Mizoram is an important land-bridge in India's look East Policy making India's critical trait and connectivity linkages with Myanmar and Bangladesh. With the beautiful natural boundary, the Mizo society is

knit together by a very unique cord of ethics “Tlawmngaihna” which cause everyone to be hospitable, kind, unselfish and helpful to others. I truly admire this sense of shanti while putting community above self.

Mizoram’s peaceful electoral processes are admirable. The Mizoram Legislative Assembly’s graceful conducts of proceedings of the House presents to all of us, a role model for our democracy. I wish that Mizoram Legislative Assembly would continue embarking on such exemplarily good works and set high benchmarks in these regards even in the years to come.”

That is a message from Lok Sabha. Now, may I invite our Hon. Chief Minister, Pu Zoramthanga to address this special session.

**PU ZORAMTHANGA, CHIEF MINISTER:** Mr. Speaker, His Excellency, the Governor of Mizoram, Speaker of Assam Legislative Assembly and my colleagues, Members of this Mizoram Legislative Assembly, I am really grateful to have the opportunity to be here and to address the Assembly on the 50<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. It is a great opportunity for me but the unfortunate thing is that the Hon. Speaker of the Lok Sabha, whom we invited and accepted, because of ill-health he could not attend this and we are sorry to learn about it. Nevertheless, I believe that we shall be having a successful and a commendable celebration for this occasion. Now, I beg to speak the rest in Mizo.

Awle, kan Speaker zahawm tak leh kan Governor zahawm tak te, Assam Assembly a kan Speaker zahawm tak te, kan Member thiante leh vawiina tunhmaa kan Speaker lo ni tawh lo kal te leh midang, hemi lo chhimitu zawng zawngte, in vaiin chibai ka buk che u. India ramin kum 75 Independence a neih champha kan lawm rualin Mizoram Legislative Assembly-in kum 50 kan nih lawmna kan han nei thei hi a vanneihthlak ka ti em em a, “Pathian kaihhruaina nasa takin kan dawng a ni” tih hi kan vaia kan hriat tlan a ni a, a bik takin a kum, a hun leh thil dang, chu chu ngaituah tham a awm a. Khawvela thil thleng Covid ten khawvel zawng zawng a tihbuai nuaih nuaihna karah kuminah chutianga Covid sang lutuk period a liam hnuah he kan Assembly

Jubilee hi kan lawm thei a. Tin, thil awm thei chu, lirnghing emaw, kang mei emaw, chhياتna dang natural calamity te pawhin vawiin kan lawmna ni hi tibuai vek thei a ni a. Amaherawhchu chutiang zawng zawng thleng lovin Pathian-in hun tha tak min pe a, kan Jubilee kan lawm thei a, a ropui a, malsawmna a ni e, Pathian chungah lawmthu kan sawi a tul takzet a ni.

He Mizoram Assembly hi, kan ngaithlak tawh ang khan 1972-ah session hmasa intanin vawiinah kum 50-na a lo thleng ta a. A hma chuan kan hriat angin, Mizoram history-ah British ho ina min awp hmain mahniin kan Lalte awpna hnuaiah kan awm a. Bristish an lo kal a, kum tam tak min awp hnuaiah Indian Independence 1947-ah a lo thleng a. Chutih laiin ‘engtin nge kan awm ang’ tiin, rawtna chi hrang hrang, Burma lam zawm te, Pakistan zawm te, tin, India rama awm te, crown colony te, Independent te leh ngaituahna hrang hrang nen a awm nuaih nuaih karah, a tawpah (Pathian remruat a ni ang e) India ramah kan lo awm ta a. Chumi hnuaiah kum 20 buai a awm a, mahsela 1986-ah inremna tluantling tha tak, entawn tlakin remna kan lo nei a, tichuan Mizoram pawhin a kum leh 1987-ah Statehood neiin, chuta tang chuan State niin, a hmaa UT-a Assembly kha State-ah hlankaia awmin, Mizoram chuan he Legislative Assembly, entawntlak tak leh mumal takin kan lo nei ta a, a lawmawm kan ti a, ropui ka ti tak tak a ni.

Heng thil thleng zawng zawng ka han en hian Pathian-in a tira tanga remruatna siama min kalpui dan te hi chhut tham, hisap tham a la awm a, a la awm zel ang a, a awm zel dawn bawk niin ka hria. Tin, he State Assembly kan han neiha kan han kal chhoh, a hmain, han sawi ila, UT Assembly-ah a rawn intan a, thil tam tak zir tur a awm a, an rawn inzir chho zel a, kan hma a kal kan ute, kan pate, chung chuan entawn tur thil tam tak min hnutchhiah a. Chuta tangin State Assembly ah a lo kal a, State Assembly pawh kan inzir chho zel a, a chang chuan zir tur kan neih theih nan eng eng emaw han tihsual palh nak nak nia lang, a hnua kan han ngaihtuah leta, “kha kha chu ti ta chiah lo ila a lo that zawk hi maw le” kan tih turte pawh a awm a. Amaherawhchu, kan zir a, kan thiam chho zel a, tunah chuan India ram State Assembly neiha hian a entawn tlakah a lo tang ta a. Lok Sabha te, Rajya Sabha

te pawh ina an entawntlak kan lo nei ta a. Chuvangin, a ropui ka ti a, hetiang hian nakin zelah pawh kan ram hian he ro hi entawntlak, Assembly Session entawn tlak, Assembly proceedings kal chho zel te pawh a nih zui zel ka ring bawk a ni.

Kan Governor zahawm takin a sawi ang khan, kan ram inthlanna pawh entawn tlak tak takin a awm a. Mi ramah chuan kan hriat angin paramilitary force, company za telin an inveng a, chuti chung chuan a buai em em thin. Keini chu polling booth kil leh lamah police pahnih khat an din chuan a tawk em em a, an din leh din loh pawh kan hre lova. Tichuan, local inthlanna phei chu a hmunah an chhiar nghal a, buaina awm reng reng lovin a zanah an zo mai a. Kan inthlan dan te hi mi rama sawi chuan mak an ti a, “engtin nge in tih theih” an ti a ni. Chumiin a thlan chhuah, a siam chhuah member zahawm takte pawhin entawn tlakin kan House kan siam a, a ropui ka ti a. Vawiina kum 50 a lo tlin hian, a dawta lo kal leh zel turah pawh entawn tlak leh zuala a la kal zel ka beisei a ni.

A dawt leha ka sawi duh chu, Mizoram hian entawntlak kan nihna te chu awm bawk mahsela, entawn tlak nih bik lohna kan ngah em em a, chungah chuan han en ta ila, “economy hmasawannaah kan ram chu entawntlak kan ni” ti ta ila, kan ni bik hauh lova, kan aia tha an tam em em. Tin, “Health sector-ah entawn tlak ber kan ni” ti ila, kan ni bik chuang lova, kan aia tha an tam lutuk a ni. Tin, thil dang dang, eng eng emawah “entawn tlak kan ni” ti ila, kan nih bik lohna lai a tam lutuk a ni. Amaherawhchu vawiinah hian miin entawntlaka min ngaih leh, vawiin ni thlenga mi sawi kan hlawnah chu, khati khawpa ram buai, jet fighter, armoured car, machine gun nena ri mup mup karah, time-tested peace kum 40 hnai, (kum 30 chuang) remna leh muanna tha em em mai, entawn tlak kan nei hi a ni. Chuvangin, hei hi a hlutna chu. India ram State-a kan ramritu chu Tripura te, Assam te, Manipur te a ni a, a buai dan kan hmu a, an mangang ve em em thin a ni.

Tin, chhak lamah Myanmar a awm a, a buai zia chu vawiinah pawh kan hmu a, khita tanga raltlan a sing telin kan ramah an awm a, Bangladesh pawh tunah a buai, a kal chho ve zel a, Chittagong hill-track buai dan te pawh kan hmu a, Chhim lamah Arakan leh Rohingya

an buai zia te pawh kan hmu a, chu chuan min hual vek a ni. Insurgency buai, drug trafficking buai, a nih loh leh chi hrang hrang buaiin min hual vel a. Mizoram hi chutah chuan thliarkar (island) ang maiin kan awm a ni. Chumiah chuan min it em em a, hetiang anga awm ve duh vek, India ram pawhin an entawn tlak kan ni a. Chuvangin India ramah mihring maktaduaih sang aia tam an awm a, keini maktaduai khat chuang deuh chauh kan awm a, sang zinga pakhat awm ang kan ni. Chungah chuan engnge kan thawn chhuaha kan tih chhuah ve tur? Thildang thawn chhuah tur tam tak te chu a awm thei e, amaherawhchu India ram, kan chhak lamah, kan thlang lamah, kan chhim leh hmarah, mamawh ngawih ngawiha “min tanpui rawh u”, tia thawnchhuah tur kan neih chu, he kan remna hi a ni. Pu Rokung’an hla a siamah khan, “Khawvel buai leh sual thim karah rem leng rawh se, a zarah” a ti a, keini pawhin he khawvel buai leh sual thim, kan chhak leh thlang, chhim leh hmara min hual tuau tuau tute karah, tunah hian kan thawn chhuah theih, Pathian malsawmna kan neih hi thawnchhuak turin Pathian-in min beisei a ni ang tih ka ring. Hmanruaa tana hman turin hei hi Pathian-in thil thlawn min pek a ni a. Ram tin hi malsawmna leh talent a pe a, chung chu hmanruaa hman turin a ti a ni. Keini pawh he ropuina, malsawmna ropui tak min pek hi kawl mai mai turin min pe lova, thawnchhuah turin min pe a, tin, kan thawnchhuak tawh a, kan thawnchhuak mek a, kan thawnchhuak leh zel ang tih pawh kan ring.

Chuvangin, vawiinah hian thu tawpnaa ka sawi duh chu, he kan Golden Jubilee-ah hian (a statistics leh thil dang chu thudang ni sela,) kan ramin Pathian malsawmna thilpek hlu ber pakhat min pek hi tunah hian thawn chhuaka, hmanga, chhak leh thlang, chhim leh hmar leh India ram leh khawvelah hei hi hmang thiam turin Pathian hian min pek rualin, min phut nghal ang tih ka ring a, chu chu hmang turin kan Pathian-in he Legislative Assembly Golden Jubilee-ah hian kan thinlungah lungphumah hmang sela. Mizoram hi kan en chhuahna leh kan par chhuahna tura tan he hun hi a bul intannaah awm se, kan tan thil ropui tak, midang tan thil ropui tak kan Pathian-in min phut a ni tih hre chungin, vawiinah hian he Golden Jubilee hmang tura lo kal kan member-te leh Zoram mipui, kan thusawi lo ngaihthlatute zawng zawng hnenah heng hi ka lawmthu nen ka han sawi a ni e. Ka lawm e.

**SPEAKER** : Kan lawm e, Chief Minister zahawmtak. Assam, being our parent state, we had invited Hon. Chief Minister of Assam, Dr. Himanta Biswas Sharma and Hon. Speaker of Assam to attend this occasion, but, coincidentally today, Assam Government is celebrating the 1<sup>st</sup> anniversary of the present Government. So, the Chief Minister could not come. At the same time, I am very happy indeed, that the Hon. Speaker of Assam Biswajit Daimary is present in our midst today. Now, may I invite him to address the special session, please.

**SHRI BISWAJIT DAIMARY, SPEAKER OF ASSAM:** Hon. Speaker, Shri Lalrinliana Sailoji, Hon. Governor of Mizoram, Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampatiji, Hon. Chief Minister of Mizoram, Pu Zoramthangaji, Hon. Deputy Speaker of Mizoram, Pu Lalrinawmaji, Hon. Ministers, Hon. MLA's and other dignitaries, vawiina lo kal khawm zawng zawng te, chibai vek u le.

First of all, I thank the Hon. Speaker who invited me during his visit in Assam to attend this special day, the Golden Jubilee celebration of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. That is why I could come here today and meet all of you. I have a little problem with speaking in English also.. (**SPEAKER:** No problem) but I would try my best.

I am proud of Mizoram and Mizoram Legislative Assembly for completing 50 years. In this long run, Mizoram has developed a lot in all sides and every aspect. This is my second visit and I have been here before 12 years ago as a tourist for 2/3 days, and this is my second visit.

The Hon. Governor and Minister has already spoken about Mizoram, the history behind Mizoram and its journey till date. There is a lot of sacrifice from the Mizo people. During the British rule, people had to sacrifice their life. Today, I would like to mention the name of our great lady who sacrifices her life for the interest of the Mizo people, not only Mizo people, but for India also. Our great lady, Rani Ropuiliani was the first ladyship among the Mizo people and who opposed the British rule when they impose on the Mizo area. She opposed the British rule and was sent to jail, and later died inside the jail. So, this is the great sacrifice of that lady for the nation. We can also say India because

during that time, such kind of administrative system was not practiced. All the people live as a society; some villages have kings, headman etc. and live life independently as a society during that time.

After the British people introduced the parliamentary system, they include all the area under their administrative system. At that time, with other parts of India, Mizoram was included under the Indian administrative system. Otherwise, everybody was independent and have their own traditional administrative system which they followed. And, because of that, such kind of situation happened here because the outsiders cannot understand the exact position of Mizoram. They do not understand the people, their thoughts, traditions and practices. Earlier, for the Mizo people, they have their own resources and a person who would fulfill the requirements of the people. God gifted many natural things and the people are self-sufficient and do not need to depend on others.

Here, people are experts in every side such as technology. They know how to build a house and how to produce their own clothes. Their traditional Mizo dress is also very popular internationally which is produced by themselves thousands of years ago.

They have to fight many times during the British rule as well as for independence. Many Mizo leaders have tried and fought for independence for Mizoram, but later on, it was merged with Assam. After that, most people knew about Mizoram and receive the 6<sup>th</sup> Scheduled Status under the Indian Constitution. During that time, there were only three representatives from Mizoram. Some MLA's were there during that time, they are: Pu Ch. Saprawnga and Pu R. Lalmawia, and other members were there as members of Assam Assembly till 1962.

After 1962, it becomes a Union Territory and receives full Statehood in 1987. After that, the Mizo people could decide how to develop Mizoram. And, because of their planning and hard work during these 50 years, Mizoram is well known as of the most peaceful state in India. Not only peaceful, Mizoram is beautiful and developed as well. It is a very developed State if we compared with others.

It is very difficult here in the hilly areas as mainland Indian and the plains people could not understand. They think that hills meant the same structure as Himachal as it is a hill state. This is like Jammu & Kashmir or Meghalaya which are also hill states. But I feel that this is a very different hill area with rough terrains and with no slopes where construction of roads is also very difficult. That is why in India, we have to take and prepare different guidelines and policies to develop Mizoram with other states. Otherwise, it will not be possible. Take for example, UP, Bihar or Maharashtra are plain areas and as such construction of roads for 1 kilometer will cost about 1 crore. But if you come to Assam, if you construct a road for 1 kilometer, there will be a river where we need to construct a bridge. Assam is a plain area, but if you compare it with other plain states, then it cannot be developed. Likewise, if we assigned 5 crores per kilometer, we need to assign 10 times more per kilometer to construct a road here in Mizoram.

So, these are the problems for the water resources also. For the Jal Jeevan Mission also, our Hon. Prime Minister declared that after 75 years of independence, everybody should have access to water. But water project would require more money here than in other parts of India. Likewise, our National Policies should be prepared and only then, all the States will be developed in the same level.

I have heard the speech made by the Hon. Chief Minister, Zoramthanga previously, during my tenure as a member, and in other meetings as well. I did not have the opportunity to closely sit with him and have a discussion. Still, Mizoram is always fighting for it. Yesterday also, we discussed and said that we still could not convince the Indian government. We have many resources but we do not have communication and, without communication, those resources are meaningless. If we can use these resources, then India can also develop through the resources of Mizoram. But before that, there are many things to do and many works that needs to be done. Due to this, our Hon. Chief Minister is struggling. Their struggling and our struggling are different to develop Mizoram. Someday our national leaders will understand and be convinced by the request made by the Mizo people. Not only Mizoram, but other hill states as well.



Today, the condition is very good. Earlier we used to be in the same state as well as under the same Assembly. As I have said, we do not have such kind of boundaries, such boundaries exist only after the British rule. We also have some boundary conflicts not only with Mizoram, but with other states as well. But our current Chief Minister, Himanta Biswa Sarma wanted to come here also. However, due to another anniversary celebration, he could not come. The Hon. Home Minister and Union Minister are also there and that is why he could not come. He is very keen to solve all the border issues of Assam and is continuously taking initiatives within Assam among other political parties as well. Almost all are now clear and there should be our final settlement of boundary for which Assam has to take part also.

So, our Hon. Chief Ministers Pu Zoramthanga and Dr. Himanta Biswa Sarma are already discussing about that, and I think this will come to an end within a short time. I think this time, our boundary issues will be solved amicably. This kind of talk was not held earlier and the Hon. Home Minister is also initiating these talks. I think such kind of big issues will be solved through these discussions. This kind of issues sometimes happens, but if we have to develop our area, then we have to develop our relations also. This is only my second time here in Mizoram as I do not have any relatives and friends. But after becoming Speaker and getting an invitation from Mr. Lalrinlianaji, I have made many new friends. In the future, I may come here every year and develop our relationship. This will also become an all-round development of North Eastern States. We have to go like this in the future.

Due to time constraints, I will limit my speech. As an MLA, I feel that this is the time where we need to have more discussions about our issues and problems. In the assembly, we should now try to discuss all our issues like bills, resolutions put up by the MLA's or from the government side so that we can take some good policies and vision to continue our work. We have many committees in assembly and through this, we can observe the education of the government in various departments and give suggestions and monitoring also. This is the role of an assembly, and if all the legislators participate fully in all discussions with their own views, then we can make good decisions and

policies in the assembly and through this, the government take the decision to work as part of the decision of the assembly and then definitely a state or a country can go with other developed countries or other developed states also.

So, I hope with the experience that Assam some has memories of this 50 years with so many good people, good thinkers who had given some suggestions through which Mizoram could come in this position in this golden jubilee definitely. Considering all these, I think you can take some good visions in future as how to work, how to do or how to plan for the interest of Mizoram and Mizo people for future. I think through this celebration, you can definitely do that and accordingly, Mizoram will be like that in future and that Mizoram will be good now. Mizoram is a very good state and necessarily this is also good, no need to mention specifically anything, Mizoram itself is good in every side and every sphere.

So, now, though I do want to speak more, I have to conclude my speech. I wish the golden jubilee celebration, a grand success. And, again, thanks to the Hon. Speaker, and thanks to Hon. Chief Minister, Hon. Ministers, the Hon. Governor and Hon. Dignitaries also. We are presents with here a nice piece, and I thank for this.

Lastly, I wish the golden jubilee celebration a grand success. Thank you all. Ka lawm lutuk. Ka lawm e.

**SPEAKER** : Thank you very much, Shri Biswajit Dimaryji for your speech concerning Assam and Mizoram as well. I thank you for mentioning our Mizo heroine, Ropuiliani; Thank you. Your speech will remain forever here in our Assembly proceedings. Let's keep the relationship with Assam in future. I wish you all the best.

Awle, tunah chuan tunge thu han sawi leh ang? Tin, Legislature hrang hrang atang khan thusawi turin kan beisei che u a. Tunge han sawi hmasa ang le Legislature hrang hrang atangin? Aw, kan Dy. Chief Minister zahawm tak Pu Tawnluia kan sawm e.

**PU TAWNLUIA, DY. CHIEF MINISTER :** Hon. Speaker, Dr. Shri Hari Babu Kambapati, Hon. Governor of Mizoram, Pu Zoramthanga, Hon. Chief Minister, Shri Biswajit Daimary, Hon. Speaker of Assam, Hon. Ministers and Members of this august House and all other dignitaries, politicians and officials. I wish you all a very warm greetings on the occasion of this Golden Jubilee of Mizoram legislative Assembly.

I am deeply honored to have been nominated to speak on behalf of MNF Legislature Party. First of all, I would like to thank and express my gratitude to Biswajit Daimary, Hon. Speaker, Assam Legislative Assembly and his entourage who came all the way from Assam to grace this auspicious occasion. I would also like to thank the members of the Organizing Committee of this Golden Jubilee for their thoughtfulness in setting up this occasion. And last, but not the least, I thank Almighty God for guiding us to this auspicious occasion.

Vawiinah hian Pu Speaker, MNF Party Legislator aiawh a rawn ding ka nih avangin MNF Party in Mizoram Legislative Assembly-a sulhnu a neihte tawi te tein han chhuichhuah ka tum a ni. Chumiah chuan a hmasa bera ka han sawi duh chu, MNF hi kum 1961 October ni 22-ah Pu Laldenga hoa din a ni a. Tichuan, tunah hian kum 60, Diamond Jubilee kan lo thleng ta a ni. MNF is now 60 years old and we are now celebrating the Diamond Jubilee of the party. Tichuan, kum 1966-ah MNF chuan Independence a puang a, tichuan, Pu Laldenga hovin underground a ni a. Tin, hemi hma hian 1963-ah chutih laia Mizo District, Assam hnuaia awm chu seat 3 neiin MLA by-election neih a ni a, chu seat 3-ah chuan 1963-ah khan MNF hian seat 2 a lo la tawh a. Chumi hnuaiah chuan kan sawi tak ang khan March ni 1, 1966-ah Mizoram Independence puangin a rammu ta a. Tichuan, MNF pawh chu (hei hi chhinchhiah ila,) India sorkar-in dan pawnah a hnawl a, a outlaw a ni. Chungah chuan Pu Laldenga hovin underground-in Mizo hnam zalenna turin kan thawk a, kum 20 lai rammuin kan awm a. Chungah chuan kei pawh hei, kan Chief Minister Pu Rama te, kan Home Minister Pu Chama te nen hian phur taka theihpatawp chhuaha thawktu zingah te ka tel ve thei a, ka lawm hle a ni.

Tichuan, hun a lo kal zel a, mipui ngennain, mipuite duhdan angin India sorkar leh MNF chu inbiakna neiin 1986, June ni 30-ah remna thuthlung (Peace Accord) sign a ni ta a. Chu Peace Accord ang chuan MNF chuan hemi Mizoram UT sorkar-ah khan interim government Congress nen khan siamin Pu Laldenga Chief Minister a ni a. Chu chuan a entir chu, MNF kha 'outlaw', dan pawna hnawl a nihna kha remna thuthlung angin party thiang (legalized party) a lo ni ta a. Tichuan, heta UT sorkarah ngei pawh khan chanvo neiin remna thuthlung avangin a lo awm ve ta a. Chumi UT sorkar-ah pawh chuan Legislature Party kha a awm a, chumi Legislature Party, Congress legislature Party nen chuan MNF kha thawk tlangin, Pu Laldenga Chief Minister a ni.

Awle, tichuan remna thuthlung angin Mizoram pawh full State, special provision neiin a lo ding ta a ni tih kan hria a. Mipui pawhin remna chu an lawmin, nichina kan hriat ang khan vawiin ni thleng hian Mizoram chu India ram State ralmuang berte zing a chhiar tel a lo ni ta hi a lawmawm tak zet zet a. Heng hi mipuite thawhrah liau liau a ni tih kan hria a ni.

Vawiin nia hian ka sawi leh duh chu, 1987-ah Mizoram State Assembly election hmasa ber neih a ni a, chutah chuan MNF pawh mipui duhsaknain seat 24 neiin, Pu Laldenga Chief Minister niin he House Leader hi a ni a ni. Chutiang chuan hun a lokal zel a, President Rule-ah te a lo awm a, MNF pawh opposition party-ah te kan han thu a. Tichuan, Pu Laldenga pawhin vanduaithlak takin min lo boral san a, Pu Zoramthanga'n MNF party kaihruaiin 1998 atanga 2008, (kum 10 chhung) consecutive 2 terms kha MNF kaihruai sorkar lo dingin he House-ah hian Pu Zoramthanga hi House Leader niin Zoram mipuite rawngbawl na kan nei thei a, kan lawm em em a ni. Hun a lo kal zel a opposition-ah te kan thu a, tichuan, 2018-ah chuan mipuite'n thuneihna min hlanin vawiin niah hian kan Chief Minister Pu Zoramthanga kaihruainain he House-ah hian Zoram mipuite rawng kan bawl thei ta hi kan lawm em em a. Vawiin niah hian kan ramah hian MNF-in kan tih theih chu a tlem emaw, a tam emaw mipui hnena kan sawi duh chu, Mizoram mipuite tana tha ber, tangkai ber leh pawimawh nia kan hriatte hmangin ram mipuite kan kaihruai thin a ni

a. Vawiin niah hian he House-ah hian chutiang ang chuan member 27 neiin kan Chief Minister kaihhruainain kan lo thukhawm thei ta hi kan lawm em em a ni.

Tichuan, vawiiniah hian Mizoram Legislative Assembly-ah MNF chuan sorkarna kan chanloh lai pawhin main opposition party nihna dinhmun chelh theiin Zoram mipuite'n an buatsaih chho thin te hi kan lawm em em a ni. Tichuan, Mizoram Assembly-in tradition tha tak tak kan nei a, vawiin niah hian venghim tlat turin memberte pawh ka han ngen duh a ni. Tichuan, ziakloh, 'unwritten blog' an tih practice tha tak tak te kan nei a. Kan ngaihthlak tawh ang khan kan Assembly-a kan debate te hi fel fai tha tak, hetiang a kan nei tha thei te hi a lawmawm kan ti a. Chuvangin, House member zawng zawng pawhin kan hruaitu hmasa leh member hmasa ten he House zahawm taka an lo kenkawh tawh thin ang khan kengkawh zel turin he House decorum leh a sanctity hi vawngghima thawk zel turin kan inchah duh a ni.

Vawiin niah hian ka sawi duh pakhat chu, Pu Speaker, FLAM (Former Legislators Association of Mizoram) te chungchang hi a ni a. Kan hriat theuh angin Mizoram mipuite'n he House-a thu turin memberte an thlang chhuak thin a, a changin party pakhat a chak a, party pakhat a chak lova, tikhan kan inchhawk kual a. Engpawh ni se langin, he House-a lo lawi tawhte, party hrang hranga mi pawh inzawmkhawmna leh inpumkhatna tha tak nei turin kan hma hun lamah pawh "engnge kan inpuih tawn theihna awm ang" tiin rem hre takin kan former members ten pawl an lo siam a, 'FLAM' hi an lo din a ni. Tichuan, anniin an tum chu, party hrang mahse he House-a kan lo awm tawhna hian pumkhatna min pe se la, inchhungkhatna, inhriattawmna, inngaih pawimawh tawmna nei se la, tichuan kan hma hun lo kal zelah pawh kan zavaiin sorkar kan tawiamna kawng turah te, kan puihbawmna kawng turah te, fin chhuah theihna tur kawngah te 'tha kan thawh dawn a nia' tiin FLAM hi a lo ding a ni a. Vawiin niah pawh hian an hmel duhawm tak takte kan hmuin, kan former Speaker pathumte pawh an hmel kan la hmu a, kan lawm tak zet zet a ni.

Tichuan, vawiin ni hi hun remchang tha taka ka han lak duhna chhan pakhat chu Pu Speaker, FLAM memberte, an welfare kan enkawl

naah hian House member zawng zawngte pawhin hma lama tan hian medical facilities tuna an neih lai mek tihhmasawn zawk dana hi “kan ngaihtuahpui thei em, kan Golden Jubilee hming pawh hian” tih tih te hi ka han sawilang duh a ni.

Tichuan, vawiinah hian Pu Speaker, ka sawinawn leh duh chu, Organizing Committee ten felfai tha taka Jubilee lawmna an buatsaih te lawmawm ka tiin, he House ngei pawh vawiin niah, nidanga chei ngai loh angin kan Mizo zia rang hmel ka hmu hi ka lawm khawp mai a, lawmthu kan sawi a ni. Tichuan, he House zahawm tak hi Zoram mipui tena min beisei ang taka kan hmazawna kan tih turte tha taka kan tih zel theih nan duhsakna sang ber ka hlan a ni e. Ka lawm e.

**SPEAKER** : Aw le, thil hluite, lunglen thlak deuh deuh te an sawi a. Tunah hian kan MLA hmasa ber te lo kal; A, hei, special session a ni a, ‘tih ngai’ leh ‘tih ngailoh’ a awm si lova, kan tih dan dan hi ‘tih dan’ ni mai se. Kan zeih loh leh thiamloh pawhin min ngaidam ula. Kan first MLA lo kal awmte in awmna atangin han ding teh u, khawngaih takin. Pu Sangchhuma a ni a, Dy. Speaker lo ni tawh a ni; Pu Sapliancheua, ani hi kum 80 chuang veh vawh a ni tawh a ni. Kan lawm che u a, Zahna Chibai kan buk che u a ni.

Aw le, tu nge legislature dang atanga sawi ang? Aw, Pu Lalduhoma, member zahawm tak ka sawm e.

**PU LALDUHOMA** : Hon. Speaker of Mizoram Pu Lalrinliana Sailo, His Excellency Governor of Mizoram, Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampati, Hon. Speaker of Assam, Biswajit Daimary and all the distinguished members who gathered together here, first of all, warm greetings to all of you.

As we know, golden jubilee marks a completion of 50 years of existence or activity applied to events, people and nations. It is, indeed, a great privilege to all of us and to the people of Mizoram at large, to witness to such a very rare occasion of rejoice and jubilation today. In the Old Testament of the Holy Bible, the word ‘Jubilee’ has a reference to a ram’s horn used as a trumpet blown on the 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary

associated with jubilee indulgence according to which all the Hebrew slaves have to be liberated, and all the alienated properties have to be restored. 25 years ago, this nation has celebrated a Golden Jubilee of independence. On the night of 14<sup>th</sup> & 15<sup>th</sup> August, 1997, at the struck of midnight, the legendary singer Lata Mangeshkar, the Nightingale of India appeared at the stage of the Central Hall of Parliament of India and sang 'Sare Jaha se achha' gracing the celebration of the night. On this occasion, I would like to convey all the legislators of the country that Mizoram is lagging 25 years behind the country to celebrate Golden Jubilee. We are a late starter in various activities of development. Mizoram attained a full-fledged statehood in 1986 which happens to be coincided with the period of Seventh Five Year Plan. This means that the rest of the country has been reaping the fruit of a planned economy for thirty years, before Mizoram could have taken a single step in the ladder of progress in the Five-Year Plan, and that too with a limping leg towards normalcy due to a two-decade long unrest here.

Your Excellency, may I take this opportunity to make an appeal to the whole country in general, and to those people in power in particular, that being a late starter, a special treatment and concessions should be given to us especially in the areas of infrastructure development so that the much larger portion of many untapped potential of the state may have given contributions in the economy of the nation soon.

Lastly, I wish, I hope and I am sure that this Assembly will remain to be a model Assembly in the country. Thank you.

**SPEAKER** : A lawmawm e. Tunah Pu Nihar Kanti Chakma, Congress Legislature Party atangin ka sawm e.

**PU NIHAR KANTI CHAKMA:** Hon. Speaker, Sir, Your Excellency the Governor of Mizoram, Hon. Chief Minister, Hon. Speaker, Assam Legislative Assembly, Hon. Dy. Chief Minister, Hon. Members of the Eighth Mizoram Legislative Assembly, all the former Speakers, all the former Legislators, all the officials, media persons who have gathered here on this historic occasion. Mr. Speaker Sir, I have been authorized to speak on behalf of the Indian National Congress Party.

Honestly speaking, I have really sentimental attachment with the Mizoram Legislative Assembly because I was groomed at the premises of the Mizoram Legislative Assembly. My late father, who has been a member of this august House from 1972 – 1998 and before that, he was a member of Mizo District Council, he had served two terms. Today, on this historic occasion, I fondly remember all those members and I pay my respect to all those members who had once occupied this prestigious seat. Mr. Speaker, Sir, I take advantage and opportunity to thank especially the people of 35 East Tuipui Constituency who have elected me and today, I am here to celebrate historic occasion of the Golden Jubilee of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. I also like to thank all the officials who are here to witness this great function.

Mr. Speaker, Sir, since last 50 years, as we know as a people's representative, we speak many grievances, we debate on the floor of this House, and to consider programme of action for the development of our state. Lastly, as most of the Hon. Members have already mentioned, Mizoram Legislative Assembly in the last 50 years has conducted this Assembly with dignity and decorum as we have seen how the Parliament House also functions. Today, I am really proud to be a member of this great Mizoram Legislative Assembly. Today, as I have seen many colleagues of my late father, I really feel my father is still alive. I have seen their face today as if that I am seeing my father.

Lastly, Mr. Speaker, Sir, with greetings to all the people of Mizoram, I conclude my speech. Thank you. Ka lawm e.

**SPEAKER** : Thank you, Pu Nihar Kanti Chakma. We are with you with your emotional feelings. Thank you, for your good speech.

Tunge kan han tih leh ang le? Aw le, Dr. BD Chakma, BJP Legislature atangin kan sawm e.

**PU B.D. CHAKMA** : Hon. Governor of Mizoram, Shri. Hari Babhu Kambhampatiji, Hon. Speaker of Mizoram, Hon. Dy. Speaker, our special guest from Assam Legislative Assembly, Hon. Speaker Biswajit Daimaryji, Hon. Chief Minister Shri Zoramthangaji, our Dy.



Chief Minister Shri Tawnluiaji and their Cabinet colleagues, my dear colleague members of Mizoram Legislative Assembly, former Speakers and former Members of Legislative Assembly, officials and other dignitaries, a very good morning to you all and I wish you a very happy Golden Jubilee of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. I convey my heartfelt thanks to the Hon. Speaker for giving me to deliver a very short speech in this august House on this occasion of this glorious 50 Years of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. I am fortunate enough to witness this historic occasion as one of the elected members of this 40-members of this august House of Mizoram Legislative Assembly where we have a galaxy of experienced leaders having medical, engineering, legal, philosophical and other excellent academic backgrounds.

In my eighth and half a year of my experience as a member of this august House, I have not seen a single Assembly session where disruption has taken place and the Hon. Speaker had to adjourn any such sitting unlike our Parliament and some other state assemblies. Here, we always perform constructive debates, constructive discussions and then we deliver everything for the good of the people of our beautiful state. This is the peculiarity of our Legislative Assembly of Mizoram and I am really proud of it.

Last but not the least, I convey my heartfelt thanks and gratitude to the people of my constituency for sending me here as one of the elected representatives of this august House for consecutive second term and witnessing this Golden Jubilee of Mizoram Legislative Assembly. With these few words, let me conclude my speech, Speaker, Sir. Jai hind. Thank you. Ka lawm e.

**SPEAKER** : A lawmawm e. Kan tihtawp hmawm photo session kan nei ang a, helaiah hian kan ti mai dawn a ni. Tuna sitting MLA leh kan Governor leh kan Speaker nen. There will be a photo session inside the Hall after this session is over with Dr. Hari Babu Kambhampatiji, our Governor and the Hon. Speaker of Assam.

Hei, kan vei lamah hian kan former legislator-te, mi zahawm tak tak an thu a, thlakna te khan han hawl u la. Ram tana thahnem ngai

taka lo thawk tawhte he House-ah hian mipui tan, ram tana lo thawk tawhte an ni a. Kan zah che u a, kan salute che u a ni.

Vawiina kan Chief Minister hoa heng ang hun ropui kan lawm thei hi a lawmawm ka ti a. Kei pawh Speaker ka nih ve lai a ni te hi ka lawm tak meuh meuh a, ka phu lo hial zawkin ka hria. A lawmawm tak tak a ni. Tichuan, kan tih turte kan lo zo ta a, kan chawl tawh ang a.

The House is adjourned sine die. (11:55 AM)